早稲田大学本庄高等学院 2024年度 一般·帰国生入試



注意事項

- 1. 問題冊子および解答用紙は、試験開始の合図があるまで開かないこと。
- 2. 問題は 2~9 ページに記載されている。
- 3. 解答はすべて解答用紙の所定欄に H B の黒鉛筆または H B のシャープペンシルで記 入すること。
- 受験番号および氏名は解答用紙の所定欄(2か所)に記入すること。

 受験番号は正確にていねいに記入すること。読みづらい数字は採点処理に支障をきたすことがあるので、注意すること。

数字見本 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

- 5. 所定欄以外に受験番号・氏名を記入した解答用紙は採点の対象外となる場合がある。
- 6. 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してよいが、どのページも切り離さないこと。
- 7. いかなる場合でも、解答用紙は提出すること。
- 8. 問題冊子は持ち帰ること。

I 次	の[1]~[10]の() (こ入る最も適切なも	のをそれぞれ選び,記号で答えなさい。
[1]	I () France next month	to	attend my brother's	wedding.
1	am visiting			1 have visited
	will be visited		will have visited	
[2]	I don't have enough room in m	y clo	oset. I will () my old clothes to charity.
1	give away \Box give in		\mathcal{N} give off	二 put on 赤 put up
[3]	The teacher asked us to go () our essays to se	e if there were any mistakes.
ſ	after \Box into		ハ off	二 through 本 with
[4]	This pop group is popular in m	any	parts of Asia, () Japan.
イ	nothing to say	П	saying nothing to	\wedge saying not of
	to say nothing of	ホ	to say not of	
	If you are () the art nique.	con	test, you must use	e your imagination and create something
ſ	being won \Box to be won		ハ to win	二 winning
[6]	() it rained a lot, we e	njoy	ved a fun holiday by	the sea.
ſ	Although \Box Because		ハ Despite	二 However ホ Since
[7]	Ten years ago, that swimmer h	ad f	five world records, () are still unbroken.
1	that of two \Box those of two	0	\mathcal{N} two of that	\equiv two of which π which of two
[8]	My mother has been in hospita	l foi	r a long time. Her i	llness is () we thought at first.
イ	more serious much than		more than much s	erious \bigwedge much more serious than
<u> </u>	much more than serious	ホ	serious much mor	e than
	The food at the new Italian re gain!	stau	rant was (from delicious. I never want to eat there
ተ	absent \Box away		ハ different	二 far . ホ free
[10]	Please write down any ideas () you will not f	orget them later.
ſ	before \Box in case		11 so that	二 until 本 when

 Π

You can find the names of colors in a lot of English expressions. Many of these expressions, however, talk about colors (1) very different ways. For example, the expression black and white can have different meanings.

If something is "black and white", it means it is clear, easy to understand. However, some people see everything in "black and white", which means that they judge everything they see (2) either good or bad. Some people have to see something in "black and white" to know that it is 5; this "black and white" talks about seeing something printed, as in a newspaper. If something is printed in a newspaper, it must be 5, right?

The color red is often used to talk about things that are hot or exciting. You can listen to red-hot jazz music or eat red-hot chili peppers. If you roll out the red carpet for someone, you are giving them a big welcome. (3) TV, you may see stars walking on the red carpet at the opening night of a Hollywood movie or at the Academic Awards. After a big night like this, the stars often "paint the town red", which means that they celebrate and have fun, going to parties or nightclubs all over town. However, red isn't always fun.

If you do something embarrassing, like spill coffee on your teacher's desk, perhaps your face is beet-red. Your teacher's face might be red with anger, too! Or if you see a person doing something bad on purpose, like taking someone's wallet, you can say that you "caught the person red-handed". Whether it's good or bad, red usually means something interesting is happening.

Blue is different. When people are blue, or have got the blues, it means they feel sad. They might listen to blues music, which usually tells sad stories. Blue isn't always a sad color, though. If something good happens to you when you're not expecting it, like when you get a good idea, or if you run across an old friend, you can say it happened "out of the blue".

Green is another color that can have very different meanings. In the past, {almost / negative / was / always / green / something / being}. For example, if you ride (4) a boat and feel seasick, your face may look green. If someone has something nice that you really want, like a new car or an expensive watch, you may also be "green with envy". Or if you are starting a new job, your boss may say you are green, which means that you don't have any $\tilde{\lambda}$.

Now, however, green is usually good. Being green more often means doing good things for the environment. People who are skilled at gardening have a "green thumb". Many companies are going green, which means they are recycling more or are trying to use less energy. In fact, some companies are moving to new, green buildings, which may use solar power or X. So if someone asks you how green you are, it probably means they want to know (5) you do good things for the environment.

Another color word with an interesting meaning is yellow. It's a (6) color with many positive meanings. When we see yellow, we think of the joy and warmth of the sun or the beauty of flowers in the spring, and generally pleasant thoughts and associations. We sometimes connect it with new ideas and ways of thinking, as it is a bright and energetic color. However, you have to be careful about its meaning when someone says, "you are too yellow to go on the roller-coaster!" It means you are a coward.

Learning new expressions with colors can be fun, but it's not always easy. (7) you can see,

their meanings can sometimes be very different. Please keep in mind that the meaning of colors can vary depending on cultural context and personal experience. Try looking for these expressions in the things you read. If you learn more about how these expressions are used, you may add a little color to your writing, or even pass your next English test with flying colors.

※ページ下部に出典を追記しております。

問 1	文中	の(1) ~ (7)に入る聶	長も適	切なものをそれ	ぞれ	選び、記号で答	えな	さい。
(1)	1	at	П	for	Л	in	_	on	朩	with
(2)	1	as		by	Л	for		on	朩	with
(3)	1	About		By	Л	For	_	On	朩	With
(4)	1	around		by	Л	on	-	out	朩	to
(5)	1	how		if	ハ	what	1	when	ホ	why
(6)	1	crazy		dangerous	Л	fearful	-	happy	ホ	sad
(7)	1	As		How	Л	What	Ξ	When	ホ	Why

問2 本文の内容に合うように次の各文を完成させたい。最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。

- [1] The passage is mainly about...
 - 1 how English people feel when they see some colors.
 - \square interesting English phrases containing colors.
 - 1 learning the different names of colors in English.
 - \equiv serious meanings of English words that describe colors.
 - π strange names of colors in the English language.
- [2] According to the passage, when your face is red, it can mean...
 - 1 you are excited and want to laugh.
 - \square you are happy but a little embarrassed.
 - \bigwedge you are hot and ready for a fight.
 - = you are interesting and people often listen to you.
 - π you are mad or feel very uncomfortable.
- [3] The phrase "out of the blue" is an expression you use...
 - 1 when you are excited and having fun.
 - \square when you do something without a clear reason.
 - \wedge when you plan to see a friend of yours after a long absence.
 - \equiv when you talk about something that comes to you as a surprise.
 - π when you want to forget about sad stories.
- [4] These days green is usually good because...
 - 1 people want to get along with others by gardening together.
 - \square people have realized the importance of protecting nature.
 - 1 people think it necessary to change their habit of spending too much.
 - \equiv some companies are trying to make money by selling plants.
 - π some companies have started recycling to make a lot of money.

— 4 —

- [5] In this article, the author shows that...
 - \checkmark learning color expressions is necessary for leading a happy life.
 - \square learning color expressions may expand your personal experience.
 - 1 learning color words sometimes makes you misunderstand how people see colors.
 - \equiv the meanings of color expressions are based on cultural misunderstanding.
 - π the meanings of color words differ depending on the situation.

問3 次の問いに答えなさい。

[1] 文中の あ に共通して入る最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。

- \checkmark clean \Box dirty \land easy \Box rare \checkmark true
- [2] 文中の下線部い"paint the town red"の意味として最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - \uparrow To go out and enjoy yourself in a lively manner.
 - \square To hang out with friends who are all wearing red clothes.
 - \mathcal{N} To have fun by painting all the houses in the town red.
 - \equiv To roll out the red carpet to attract people's attention.
 - π To walk around while people in the town give you a big welcome.
- [3] 文中の下線部う you "caught the person red-handed"の意味として最も適切なものを選び、記号で答え なさい。
 - 1 You caught the person as you knew she had done something very bad.
 - \square You caught the person at the moment when she was doing something wrong.
 - N You caught the person because you saw her red hand was holding a wallet.
 - = You caught the person while she was having an exciting time.
 - π You caught the person whose face and hands are red with anger.

[4] 文中の { } 内の語句を並べかえて意味の通る文にしたい。最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。
 In the past, {1. almost / 2. negative / 3. was / 4. always / 5. green / 6. something / 7. being}.

- **1** 5-3-7-1-4-6-2 □ 5-3-7-4-1-2-6
- $\wedge 6-2-3-1-4-7-5 = 6-5-3-7-1-4-2$
- ホ 7-5-3-1-4-6-2
- [5] 文中の **え** に入る最も適切なものを選び, 記号で答えなさい。

イ	envy	□ experience	ハ knowledge	= passion	ホ power
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- [6] 文中の下線部お a "green thumb"の意味として最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - 1 a finger that is good at creating things
 - \Box a finger that is green in color
 - \wedge a practical way of doing something well
 - \equiv a special ability to care for plants
 - π an unusual talent for making things

- 5 -

[7] 文中の下線部か you are a coward の意味として最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。

- 1 You are brave enough to do something dangerous.
- \square You are carefree and never think about the future.
- \mathcal{N} You are slow and get upset easily like a cow.
- \equiv You are too scared and have no courage to do anything.
- π You are very bold and fear nothing at all.

[8] 本文のタイトルとして最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。

- 1 Blue is not always a sad color
- \square It's not always black and white
- \mathcal{N} It's a recent trend to go green
- \equiv Red is not always fun
- π Yellow does not always make you feel good

[9] 下線部の発音が全て異なる組を1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

1	beet	green	mean
П	color	companies	solar
Л	embarrass	fact	sad
_	excite	night	spill
ホ	though	thought	tough

[10] 文中の X に入る英語を6語以内で表しなさい。ただし, grow と roofs を使うこと。

[11] 文中の 部を日本語に直しなさい。

Ш

Chris has injured his leg and a doctor has come to check up on him while he's recovering in hospital.

- Dr. Lee: Good morning, Chris. How are you today?
- Chris : Pretty good, doctor. I slept well last night. I didn't feel any pain in my leg.
- Dr. Lee : i . You are looking a lot better.
- Chris : Dr. Lee, how long will I have to stay in hospital?
- Dr. Lee : At least (1) five days.
- Chris : Do you think you can make it shorter? ---[あ]---
- Dr. Lee: Chris, it is not an issue you can discuss with me or other doctors. You broke your leg badly and you had an operation yesterday. We have to keep (2) on your recovery for at least (1) five days.
- Chris : Dr. Lee, I am an active person. I always have been. Besides, I'm the captain of the soccer team in my school. All my team members have been practicing very hard for an important match. We only have two more weeks to practice. Sitting in this bed A is driving me crazy!
- Dr. Lee : I understand how you feel, Chris, as I was the vice-captain of the basketball team at high school. I know you broke your leg during a practice match, right? You must be a brave, powerful player with lots of energy.
- Chris : <u>ii</u>, I'm not afraid of getting injured. But I've never been in such a bad situation like this before. I'm so X. Could you help me get back to my team earlier? I promise that I won't play soccer on the day I get out of hospital.
- Dr. Lee: Chris, your leg needs to recover. If you want to return to your team quickly, you need to be patient now. Just sit back and rest your poor leg. You have to stay in bed until the day after tomorrow. ---[い]--- If everything goes well, we can start a rehabilitation program in two days. You can start walking around the hallway as long as you are (3) our physical trainers.
- Chris : And dribbling a ball just a couple of times, maybe?
- Dr. Lee : iii . Just walking. Remember, BE PATIENT! ---[ɔ̄]--- Your teammates would say the same thing. I'm sure they are thinking of you a lot.
- Chris : Yes, they are! Oh, by the way, Dr. Lee, some of them say they want to B. Is it OK? I really miss them.
- Dr. Lee: iv they can. Remind them that (4) are from 3 p.m. to 8 p.m.
- Chris : What is the maximum number of visitors?
- Dr. Lee: Well, there's no rule, but use your common sense. ここは病院で、治療を受け休息する場だ。 You are not going to invite the whole team, right?
- Chris : Oh, no. ---[\tilde{z}]--- They may visit me around 6:30 the day after tomorrow so that we can watch the soccer match of the national team together on TV. They are so nice. They want to make me happy.
- Dr. Lee: Can you tell them to leave here during half-time? I know the match starts at 7 p.m. They can't stay until the end of the match. ---[お]---

- 7 --

Chris : Oh... I think so.

Dr. Lee : Y ! I may ask the night watch to make sure your friends are not hiding under your bed to watch the whole game.

問1 文中の(1)~(4)に入る最も適切なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。

(1)	1	another	П	less	ハ	more	=	next	ホ	other
(2)	1	an eye		the hand	Л	thinking		touching	ホ	words
(3)	1	assisted by			П	coming with			ハ	hand in hand with
	=	playing with			ホ	put together	with			
(4)	1	the time for	visit	ors		the time they	7 are	e in	ハ	the time to visit
	_	the times the	y se	e you	ホ	visiting hours	3			

問2 それぞれの問に対し、本文の内容に合う最も適切な答えを選び、記号で答えなさい。

[1] Which of the following statements is true?

- \checkmark Dr. Lee thinks Chris is a good soccer player with a strong fighting spirit.
- \Box Chris's teammates believe they can win their important match without Chris.
- 1) Chris's teammates tell Chris to focus on his rehabilitation program.
- \equiv The other doctors may allow Chris to leave hospital earlier.
- π The physical trainer encourages Chris to stay in hospital as long as possible.
- [2] Dr. Lee seems to understand how sports players feel about injury. Why?
 - 1 Because Dr. Lee broke his leg during a practice match at high school.
 - □ Because Dr. Lee hates soccer and he doesn't completely understand how Chris feels now.
 - N Because Dr. Lee once played hard in the local professional soccer team.
 - \equiv Because Dr. Lee used to play a very important role in a basketball team.
 - π Because Dr. Lee was a professional basketball player.
- [3] What is NOT Dr. Lee's advice for Chris to recover more quickly?
 - \checkmark Chris must be supported by a physical trainer, when he starts walking again.
 - □ Chris must practice dribbling a ball in a rehabilitation program.
 - \wedge Chris must rest patiently in bed for the next two days.
 - \equiv Chris must start his rehabilitation program inside the hospital building.
 - π Chris must stay in the hospital for five days or more.

問3 文中の A , B に入る最も適切なものを選び, 記号で答えなさい。

イ all day	\Box every other day	1 one day
\equiv whole night	ホ whole week	
В		
1 call me up	\square call them up	\bigwedge come and see me
\equiv hear me	ホ photograph me	

問4 以下の英文を文中の---[**あ**]---から---[**お**]---のどこかに入れる場合,最も適切な場所を選び,**あ**~お の記号で答えなさい。

Just 5 or 6 of them.

,

問5 文中の i ~ iv に入る1~4の最も適切な組み合わせを選び,記号で答えなさい。 1. Good 2. Of course 3. No 4. Yeah [i:1 [i:2 i:4 i:4 i : 1 ii : 1 ii : 3 ii : 2 ii : 3 ii : 4 _ 1 N ホ iii : 2 iii : 4 iii ∶ 1 iii : 3 iii : 2 iv : 3 iv : 3 **iv** ∶ 4 iv : 2 iv : 1

問6 もしあなたが Chris であれば、文中 X では何と言いますか。適切な1語を書きなさい。

- **問7** もしあなたが Dr. Lee であれば、文中 Y では何と言いますか。適切な文を6語以内で書きなさい。 ただし、make を使うこと。句読点(., ?!など)は語数に含めない。
- **問8** 文中の日本語を英語に直しなさい。ただし、This で始め、medical care と need を使い、1つの文で表す こと。

〔以下余白〕

